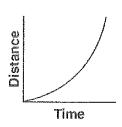
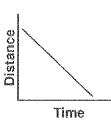
# Topic 2A-Uniform Motion Skill 12 Con't

14. A cart travels with a constant nonzero acceleration along a straight line. Which graph best represents the relationship between the distance the cart travels and time of travel?

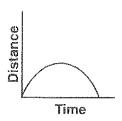
A)



B)



C)

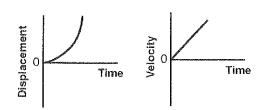


D)

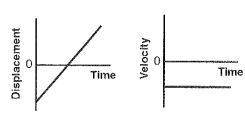


15. Which pair of graphs represents the same motion of an object?

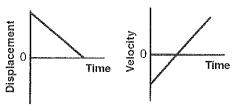




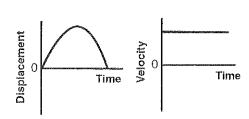
## B)



### $C_{j}$

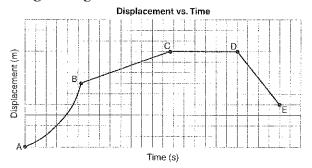


## D)



## **Topic 2A-Uniform Motion**

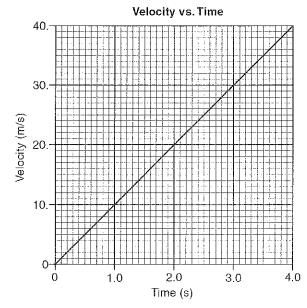
16. The displacement-time graph below represents the motion of a cart initially moving forward along a straight line.



During which interval is the cart moving forward at constant speed?

A) AB B) BC C) CD D) DE

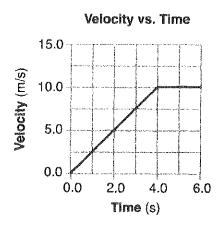
17. The graph below shows the velocity of a race car moving along a straight line as a function of time.



What is the magnitude of the displacement of the car from t = 2.0 seconds to t = 4.0 seconds?

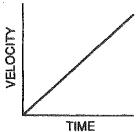
- A) 20. m
- B) 40. m
- C) 60. m
- D) 80. m

Base your answers to questions 18 and 19 on the graph below, which represents the motion of a car during a 6.0-second time interval.



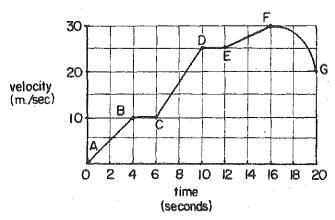
- 18. What is the total distance traveled by the car during this 6.0-second interval?
  - A) 10. m
- B) 20. m
- C) 40. m
- D) 60. m
- 19. What is the acceleration of the car at t = 5.0 seconds?
  - A)  $0.0 \text{ m/s}^2$
- B)  $2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$
- C)  $2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$
- D) 10. m/s<sup>2</sup>

20. The graph below represents the motion of a body moving along a straight line.



According to the graph, which quantity related to the motion of the body is constant?

- A) speed
- B) velocity
- C) acceleration
- D) displacement
- 21. Base your answer to the following question on the graph below, which shows the velocity of a 1,500-kilogram car during a 20-second-time interval..



During time interval CD, the average velocity of the car is

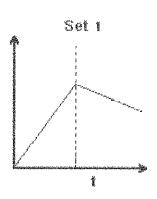
- A) 7.5 m./sec.
- B) 17.5 m./sec.
- C) 15 m./sec.
- D) 35 m./sec.

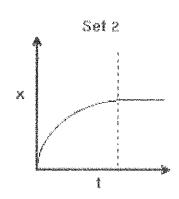
# **Topic 2A-Uniform Motion**

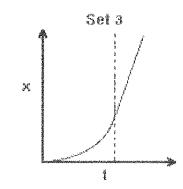
- 22. Describe the motion of <u>each</u> of the following objects from the dot diagrams. Assume reference point (ie observer) is to the left. (you can use words, a graph or both)
  - A , 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 7 ,

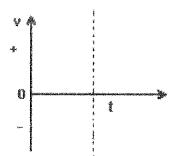
  - C , , , ,

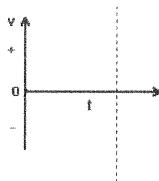
23. Below each **position** vs **time** graph sketch the corresponding **velocity** vs **time** and **acceleration** vs **time** graphs.

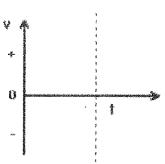


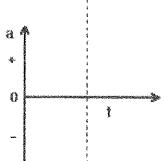


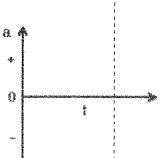


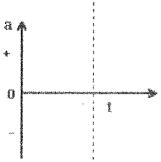










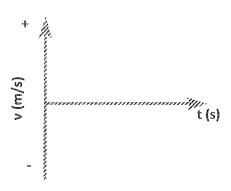


- 24. A poorly tuned Yugo can accelerate from rest to a speed of 28 m/s in 20 s.
- a) What is the average acceleration of the car?



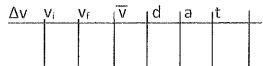
b) What distance does it travel in this time?

25. At t = 0 a car has a speed of 30 m/s. At t = 6 s, its speed is 14 m/s. What is its average acceleration during this time interval?



### Skill 13 - Head Problems - Practice

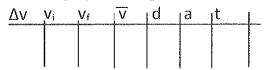
26. A toy RC car accelerates from rest to 10m/s in 2.5 seconds. What is the acceleration of the car? What is the distance travelled by the toy car during this time? (Show your work using mini equations)



27. Find the distance covered by an object that accelerates from rest at a rate of 5 m/s² for 6 seconds. (Show your work using "mini" equations)

Δν	V;	V <sub>f</sub>	V	, w	a	t	L
n-ac-a-a-parato							

28. Sid E. Slicker is strolling through Central Park when it begins to rain. He increases his speed uniformly from 0.5m/s to 3m/s in a time of 3seconds to escape the deluge. What is Sid's average speed during this time? What is the distance covered during this time?



29. Dinah Saur accelerates her Segway from rest to 7km/hr over a time of 1 min. What is the average speed of the Segway? What is the distance traveled during that minute?

Δν	Vi	$V_{f}$	V	d	а	t	

#### Use kinematics equations to solve quantitative problems

30. A mob of roller-skating zombies starts roll down a hill from an initial speed of zero. The hill is 1500m long and will allow the zombies to accelerate uniformly at 2.5m/s². How much time do you and your brainy pals at the bottom of the hill have to come up with a plan before zombies arrive? What is the final velocity of the zombies?

31. A snowboarder moving at a constant 5m/s reaches a steeper slope and begins to accelerate at 2 m/s<sup>2</sup> for a distance of 300m. What is the speed of the rider when they reach the bottom of the slope?

32. A giraffe trotting at 1 m/s spots a lion and accelerates away at 0.5m/s<sup>2</sup> for 2 seconds. What is the distance traveled by the giraffe during this time period?

33. What is the final speed of a shark with an initial velocity of 2m/s that accelerates at 1.5m/s² for a distance of 10m?

### **Mixed Kinematic Problems:**

Use equations or "Head Problems" to solve the problems below. For either method show your work. The grids are a good way to keep track of what you know or what you might be able to find out regardless of method selected.

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$\overline{v} = \frac{d}{dt}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} \qquad \qquad \bar{v} = \frac{d}{t} \qquad \qquad \bar{v} = \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \qquad \qquad v_f = v_i + \Delta v$$

Kinematics equations

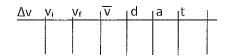
$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad \qquad v_f = v_i + at$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

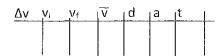
Reminder ( $\Delta v$  is usually only helpful when the object is not starting from rest)

34. A rocket accelerates upward from rest with a uniform acceleration of 4.0 m/s<sup>2</sup>. How far will the rocket have traveled in 8.0 s?

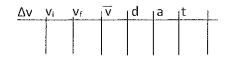
35. The brakes on a car permit it to decelerate at the rate of -3 m/s $^2$ . What distance is required to stop the car when it is moving 18 m/s?



36. A solar-powered aircraft starting from rest reaches lift-off speed of 20 m/s in 300 meters. What is the acceleration of the plane?



37. A motorcycle traveling 30.0 m/s decelerates at the rate of  $-2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ . What distance does it travel, and what time does it take for the cycle to come to rest?



38. Tests on the new Aston Martin show that it can accelerate from 39.7 m/s to 96.2 m/s in 4.352 seconds. What distance does the car travel in that time? What is the car's acceleration in this period

