### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

AND

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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200 E. Garden St., P.O. Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Education Arlington Central School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Arlington Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Arlington Central School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Arlington Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 52 through 54 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by New York State Education Department and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2019, on our consideration of the Arlington Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Arlington Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Arlington Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

D'acangelo + Co., LLP October 9, 2019

Rome, New York

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

The Arlington Central School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

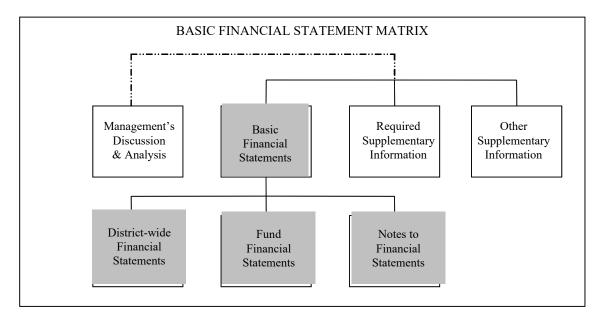
#### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- The District's total net position, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, decreased by \$25,066,817 to a deficit of \$559,476,761. This deficit is primarily due to the accrual of other postemployment benefits in the amount of \$857,327,808.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$242,986,847. Of this amount, \$4,299,564, \$5,550,396, and \$3,233,241 were offset by program charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants to support instructional and food service programs, respectively. General revenues of \$204,836,829 amount to 94.0% of total revenues. These revenues covered a significant portion of the remaining program expenses, leaving a deficit of \$25,066,817 for the year.
- State and federal revenue increased by \$2,379,689 to \$62,476,020 in 2019 from \$60,096,331 in 2018. The increase was mainly due to increases in foundation aid, excess cost aid, and building aid, offset by a decrease in transportation aid.
- The General Fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements on pages 15 and 17, increased by \$2,716,013 to \$26,185,405. This was due to an excess of revenues over expenditures based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The District transferred \$1 million to the Capital Projects Fund to partially fund its component share of the \$36.8 million Dutchess BOCES capital project.

#### 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

#### A. District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

#### The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

#### The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

#### **B.** Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: General Fund, School Lunch Fund, Special Aid Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

#### 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### A. Net Position

The District's total net position decreased by \$25,066,817 between fiscal year 2019 and 2018. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position for June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

			Increase/	Percentage
	2019	2019 2018		Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 55,245,	590 \$ 51,009,7	78 \$ 4,235,812	2 8.3%
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	8,420,	138 3,558,4	58 4,861,680	136.6%
Capital Assets, (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	150,745,	<u>419</u> <u>150,841,9</u>	73 (96,554	<u>4)</u> (0.1%)
Total Assets	214,411,	<u>147</u> <u>205,410,2</u>	09 9,000,938	<u>8</u> 4.4%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	218,784,	655 56,844,3	49 161,940,300	<u>5</u> 284.9%
Current and Other Liabilities	14,728,	618 14,881,8	83 (153,265	5) (1.0%)
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	4,676,	282 2,139,3	55 2,536,92	7 118.6%
Noncurrent Liabilities	960,981,	528 762,748,7	198,232,740	26.0%
Total Liabilities	980,386,	428 779,770,0	26 200,616,402	25.7%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,286,	135 16,894,4	76 (4,608,34)	<u>(27.3%)</u>
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	66,098,	531 57,119,6	20 8,978,91	1 15.7%
Restricted	28,549,	453 25,609,0	87 2,940,360	5 11.5%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(654,124,	745) (617,138,6	51) (36,986,094	<u>4)</u> (6.0%)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (559,476,			<del>-</del> ` '

Current and other assets increased by \$4,235,812 during the current year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in cash of approximately \$1.5 million and amounts due from other governments of \$1.7 million.

The net pension asset - proportionate share represents the District's share of the TRS total pension asset, which increased by \$ 4,861,680 as compared to the prior year.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$96,554 as compared to the prior year. This decrease is due to depreciation exceeding capital additions for the current year. Note 7 to the Financial Statements provides additional information.

The net pension liability - proportionate share represents the District's share of the ERS total pension liability, which increased by \$2,536,927 as compared to the prior year.

Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$198,232,740 as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily due to a net increase in the liability for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) in the amount of \$205,617,114.

The deferred outflows and inflows change resulted in a net increase in net position of \$157,331,965. These financial statement elements mainly consist of actuarial determined adjustments to the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset or liability and the OPEB liability for items such as changes in assumptions and differences between actual and projected System investment earnings.

The net investment in capital assets is calculated by subtracting the amount of outstanding debt used for construction from the total cost of all asset acquisitions, net of accumulated depreciation. The total cost of these acquisitions includes expenditures to purchase land, construct and improve buildings and purchase vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations.

### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 20, 2010

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

The restricted portion of net position at June 30, 2019, is \$28,549,453, which represents the amount of the District's reserves in the General Fund and other restricted funds for Debt Service and Capital Projects.

The unrestricted portion of net position at June 30, 2019, is a deficit of \$654,124,745, which represents the amount by which the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, excluding debt related to capital construction, exceeded the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, other than capital assets and restricted assets. This deficit is primarily due to the accrual of other postemployment benefits in the amount of \$857,327,808.

#### **B.** Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

			Increase/	Percentage
Revenues	2019	2018	(Decrease)	Change
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 4,299,564	\$ 4,247,502	\$ 52,062	1.2%
Operating Grants	5,550,396	5,467,724	82,672	1.5%
Capital Grants	3,233,241	312,234	2,921,007	935.5%
General Revenues				
Property Taxes and STAR	139,507,443	136,597,454	2,909,989	2.1%
State and Federal Sources	62,476,020	60,096,331	2,379,689	4.0%
Other	2,853,366	2,149,952	703,414	32.7%
Total Revenues	217,920,030	208,871,197	9,048,833	4.3%
Expenses				
General Support	22,592,805	22,375,969	216,836	1.0%
Instruction	194,335,110	182,444,450	11,890,660	6.5%
Pupil Transportation	19,280,889	18,913,670	367,219	1.9%
Debt Service-Unallocated Interest	2,824,126	3,123,126	(299,000)	(9.6%)
Food Service Program	3,953,917	3,917,680	36,237	0.9%
Total Expenses	242,986,847	230,774,895	12,211,952	5.3%
Total Change in Net Position	\$ (25,066,817)	<u>\$ (21,903,698)</u>	<u>\$ (3,163,119)</u>	

The District's revenues increased by \$9,048,833 in 2019 or 4.3%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

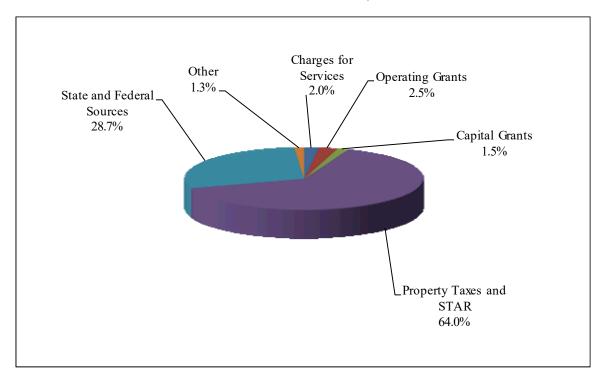
- An increase in non-grant State and federal aid in the General Fund in the amount of \$2,379,689, primarily due to increases in foundation aid, excess cost aid, and building aid, offset by a decrease in transportation aid.
- An increase in property taxes and STAR in the amount of \$2,909,989.
- An increase in capital grants in the amount of \$ 2,921,007, representing an increase in funds received and accrued for the Smart Schools Bond Act of 2014.

The District's expenditures increased by \$12,211,952 in 2019 or 5.3%, primarily in the instructional program category. The most significant factor that contributed to the increase was:

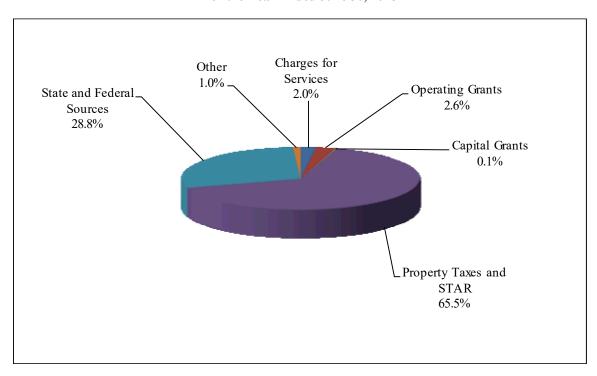
• There was approximately a \$7 million increase in the amount of employee benefits allocated to the instructional category. The increase is attributed to a significant increase in OPEB expense under GASB 75, which is primarily allocated to the instructional category.

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

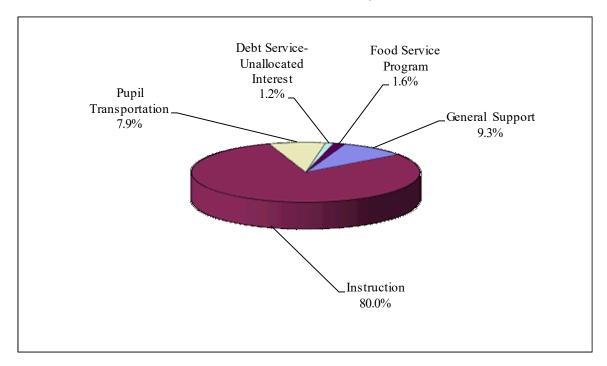


For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

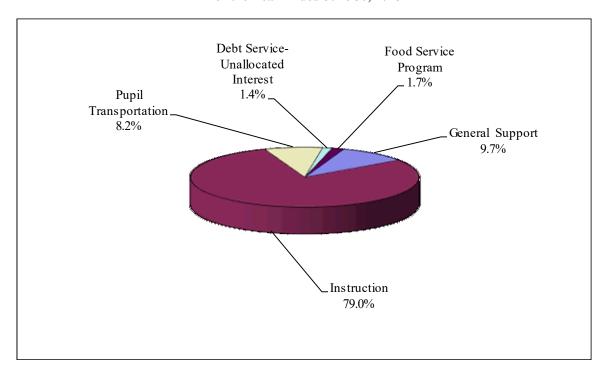


A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

#### 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$39,116,046 which is an increase of \$2,755,779 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues over expenditures, primarily in the General Fund. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

			Increase/
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
General Fund			
Nonspendable	\$ 52,195	\$ 22,589	\$ 29,606
Restricted			
Unemployment Insurance	132,086	131,100	986
Retirement Contribution - ERS	4,570,343	4,536,207	34,136
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,000,000		1,000,000
Liability	53,670	53,269	401
Tax Certiorari	602,597	397,605	204,992
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	914,302	907,473	6,829
Capital	3,105,062	2,001,438	1,103,624
Total Restricted	10,378,060	8,027,092	2,350,968
Assigned			
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	5,743,000	5,743,000	
Encumbrances	1,480,717	1,476,362	4,355
Total Assigned	7,223,717	7,219,362	4,355
Unassigned	8,531,433	8,200,349	331,084
Total General Fund	26,185,405	23,469,392	2,716,013
School Lunch Fund			
Nonspendable	89,795	96,595	(6,800)
Assigned	435,807	412,281	23,526
Total School Lunch Fund	525,602	508,876	16,726
Debt Service Fund			
Restricted	4,209,887	4,117,662	92,225
Capital Projects Fund			
Restricted	13,961,506	13,464,333	497,173
Unassigned (Deficit)	(5,766,354)	(5,199,996)	(566,358)
Total Capital Projects Fund	8,195,152	8,264,337	(69,185)
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 39,116,046</u>	\$ 36,360,267	<u>\$ 2,755,779</u>

Combined increases of \$2,350,968 to the General Fund restricted fund balance during the year ended June 30, 2019 includes interest earnings on existing balances and a Board approved transfer of \$1 million to the newly established retirement reserve for TRS. Chapter 59 of the Laws of 2019 amended Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law to allow certain eligible participating employers of NYSTRS the option to establish a retirement contribution reserve sub-fund. In addition, the District transferred \$202,000 to the tax certiorari reserve to cover an increase in exposure and \$1.1 million to partially fund the \$20 million buildings and improvements capital reserve established in 2018.

The unassigned deficit of \$5,766,354 and \$5,199,996 in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, was due to temporary financing for the bus and vehicle purchases and unreimbursed expenditures incurred from projects under the Smart Schools Bond Act.

### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

#### 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

#### A. 2018-2019 Budget

The District's General Fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$209,894,000. This is an increase of \$4,839,000 over the prior year's adopted budget.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$139,616,261 in estimated property taxes and STAR, and \$61,084,165 in state aid.

#### B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 8,200,349
Revenues and Transfers over Budget	2,399,930
Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Transfers under Budget	6,054,728
Increase in Nonspendable Fund Balance	(29,606)
Appropriated Fund Balance for 2019-2020	(5,743,000)
Net Increase to Restricted Funds	 (2,350,968)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 8,531,433

#### Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$8,200,349 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2018, fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 3.91% of the District's 2018-2019 approved operating budget.

#### Revenues and Transfers Over Budget

The 2018-2019 final budget for revenues and transfers was \$204,206,000. The actual revenues and transfers received for the year were \$206,605,930. The actual revenue and transfers over estimated or budgeted revenue was \$2,399,930. This variance contributes directly to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund fund balance from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

#### Expenditures, Encumbrances and Transfers Under Budget

The 2018-2019 final budget for expenditures and transfers was \$211,425,362. The actual expenditures and transfers, including amounts encumbered, was \$205,370,634. The final budget was under expended by \$6,054,728. This under expenditure contributes directly to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund fund balance from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

#### Appropriated Fund Balance for 2019-2020

The District chose to use \$5,743,000 of its available June 30, 2019 fund balance to partially fund the 2019-2020 approved operating budget. This was the same amount appropriated for the 2018-2019 budget.

#### Net Increase to Restricted Funds

Combined increases to the General Fund restricted fund balances represent interest earned of \$50,406 in 2018-2019 and Board approved transfers in of \$2,302,000 and a transfer out of \$1,438.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

#### Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District has an unassigned fund balance of \$8,531,433 at June 30, 2019. The unassigned fund balance is 3.95% of the 2019-2020 approved operating budget. This is an increase of \$331,084 over the unassigned balance from the prior year as of June 30, 2018.

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements and equipment. The net decrease in capital assets is due to amounts expended for depreciation exceeding capital additions recorded for the year ended June 30, 2019. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

		Increase/
2019	2018	(Decrease)
\$ 2,245,909	\$ 2,052,309	\$ 193,600
5,565,514	15,041,869	(9,476,355)
339,817	339,817	
132,214,856	123,122,503	9,092,353
10,379,323	10,285,475	93,848
<u>\$ 150,745,419</u>	<u>\$ 150,841,973</u>	\$ (96,554)
	\$ 2,245,909 5,565,514 339,817 132,214,856 10,379,323	\$ 2,245,909 \$ 2,052,309 5,565,514 15,041,869 339,817 339,817 132,214,856 123,122,503 10,379,323 10,285,475

#### **B.** Debt Administration

At June 30, 2019, the District had total bonds payable and an energy performance contract of \$77,575,181. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

Issue	Interest			Increase
Date	Rate	2019	2018	(Decrease)
5/1/2009	2.0-5.0%	\$	\$ 3,110,000	\$ (3,110,000)
5/24/2012	2.0-5.0%	28,235,000	30,065,000	(1,830,000)
11/7/2012	2.0-4.0%	4,450,000	5,815,000	(1,365,000)
4/2/2016	2.0-5.0%	27,760,000	27,820,000	(60,000)
8/24/2015	2.6-4.4%	17,130,181	18,318,091	(1,187,910)
		\$ 77,575,181	\$ 85,128,091	\$ (7,552,910)

#### 7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the School District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

The NYS legislature has imposed a real property tax cap on public school districts which may fail to acknowledge the true cost of increases in unfunded mandates, employee retirement benefits and health insurance costs. Unless these issues are recognized in any new legislation, school districts will be forced to reallocate funds from instruction to these other areas. Another challenge is to maintain and upgrade the existing facilities and to plan for future enrollment sizes. Enrollment will continue to be an important factor in District financial planning. Over the past few years, total student enrollment has been decreasing following a period of significant growth. The District will continue to study, monitor, and trend our demographic data to better predict future enrollments. Any significant change in student enrollment will have implications for financial forecasting and budgeting. The continued rapid growth in the cost of health insurance combined with the high costs of funding the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are projected to have significant budgetary impact in the near to intermediate future.

### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 20, 2010

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

The School District receives approximately 29% of its funding through state and federal sources. Possible deficits in both Federal and New York State government finances could reduce future funding from these sources that could affect the School District's financial health. In addition, a decline in the fair market value of real property tax assessments in New York State could also affect the School District's long-term financial health.

The current economic climate of New York State and the nation is stable. If New York State or the Federal government's economic position change from stable to declining then this will diminish the state's ability to adequately fund the public education system.

#### 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office at 144 Todd Hill Road, LaGrangeville, NY 12540.

## ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32,073,013
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,659,619
Receivables	
State and Federal Aid	4,007,507
Due From Other Governments	3,410,089
Other Receivables	953,372
Inventory	89,795
Other Assets	52,195
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	8,420,138
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	150,745,419
Total Assets	214,411,147
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding	2,564,071
Pensions	48,095,001
Other Postemployment Benefits	168,125,583
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	218,784,655
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 433,195,802</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 916,523
Due To	
Other Governments	532
Teachers' Retirement System	8,604,443
Employees' Retirement System	805,840
Short-Term Note Payable	000,010
Bond Anticipation Note	4,208,000
Unearned Credits	1,200,000
Overpayments and Collections in Advance	80,756
Unearned Revenues	112,524
Noncurrent Liabilities	112,321
Due Within One Year	8,730,418
Due in More Than One Year	956,927,392
Total Liabilities	980,386,428
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pensions	12,286,135
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,286,135
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	66,098,531
Restricted	28,549,453
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(654,124,745)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(559,476,761)
Total Net Losition (Deficit)	(337,470,701)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ 433,195,802</u>

### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Pro	gram Revenues	S		N	Vet (Expense)
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges Service		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			Revenue and Changes in Net Position
General Support	\$	22,592,805	\$		\$		\$		\$	(22,592,805)
Instruction		194,335,110		1,974,614		4,524,480		3,233,241		(184,602,775)
Pupil Transportation		19,280,889								(19,280,889)
Debt Service - Unallocated Interest		2,824,126								(2,824,126)
Food Service		3,953,917		2,324,950		1,025,916				(603,051)
Total Functions/Programs	\$	242,986,847	\$	4,299,564	\$	5,550,396	\$	3,233,241	_	(229,903,646)
General Revenues Real Property Taxes STAR and Other Real Property Tax Ite Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for State and Federal Sources Miscellaneous Total General Revenues		3								126,256,693 13,250,750 1,561,254 69,962 62,476,020 1,222,150 204,836,829
Change in Net Position										(25,066,817)
Net Position (Deficit), Beginnin	g of	Year								(534,409,944)
Net Position (Deficit), End of Y	ear								\$	(559,476,761)

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		General		School Lunch		Special Aid		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total
Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,312,853	\$	428,680	\$		\$		\$	12,331,480	\$ 32,073,013
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,378,060						4,209,887		71,672	14,659,619
Receivables											
Due From											
State and Federal		2,327,420		93,095		1,586,992					4,007,507
Other Governments		1,799,116								1,610,973	3,410,089
Other Funds		1,586,992									1,586,992
Other Receivables		949,515		3,857							953,372
Inventory				89,795							89,795
Other Assets		52,195			_						 52,195
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	36,406,151	\$	615,427	\$	1,586,992	\$	4,209,887	\$	14,014,125	\$ 56,832,582
Liabilities											
Payables											
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	697,939	\$	8,537	\$		\$		\$		\$ 706,476
Due To											
Other Governments				532							532
Other Funds						1,586,992					1,586,992
Teachers' Retirement System		8,604,443									8,604,443
Employees' Retirement System		805,840									805,840
Short-Term Note Payable											
Bond Anticipation Note										4,208,000	4,208,000
Unearned Credits											
Overpayments and Collections in Advance				80,756							80,756
Unearned Revenues	_	112,524					_				 112,524
Total Liabilities		10,220,746		89,825	_	1,586,992	_		_	4,208,000	 16,105,563
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Grants										1,610,973	1,610,973
Onavanable Revenue - Grants							_		_	1,010,773	 1,010,773
Fund Balance											
Nonspendable		52,195		89,795							141,990
Restricted		10,378,060						4,209,887		13,961,506	28,549,453
Assigned		7,223,717		435,807							7,659,524
Unassigned (Deficit)		8,531,433	_		_					(5,766,354)	 2,765,079
Total Fund Balance		26,185,405		525,602	_			4,209,887		8,195,152	 39,116,046
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,											
and Fund Balance	\$	36,406,151	\$	615,427	\$	1,586,992	\$	4,209,887	\$	14,014,125	\$ 56,832,582

# ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO DISTRICT-WIDE NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 39,116,046
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources that are recognized in	
the Statement of Net Position but not the fund financial statements.  Grant Revenue	1,610,973
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the School District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.	11010,575
Original Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation	233,106,429 (82,361,010) 150,745,419
A deferred loss from refunding of debt is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position but recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.  Unamortized Deferred Loss on Refunding	2,564,071
The proportionate share of long-term assets and liabilities associated with participation in state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	8,420,138
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	48,095,001
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share  Deferred Inflows - Pensions	(4,676,282) (12,286,135)
	39,552,722
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:  Bonds Payable Energy Performance Contract Payable Premiums on Debt	(60,445,000) (17,130,181) (5,499,450)
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable	(210,047)
Other Postemployment Benefits	(857,327,808)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	168,125,583
Compensated Absences Payable	(20,579,089) (793,065,992)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ (559,476,761)</u>

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				School	Special		Debt		Capital		
		General		Lunch	Aid	_	Service	_	Projects		Total
Revenues											
Real Property Taxes	\$	126,256,693	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	126,256,693
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items		13,250,750									13,250,750
Charges for Services		1,974,614									1,974,614
Use of Money and Property		1,466,828		2,201			92,225				1,561,254
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		69,962									69,962
Miscellaneous		1,028,122		428							1,028,550
State Aid		62,286,165		37,730	1,239,895				1,622,268		65,186,058
Federal Aid		189,855		988,186	3,284,585						4,462,626
School Lunch Sales				2,324,950							2,324,950
Total Revenues		206,522,989		3,353,495	4,524,480	_	92,225		1,622,268		216,115,457
Expenditures											
General Support		14,774,363							3,648,526		18,422,889
Instruction		106,108,227			3,803,112				371,538		110,282,877
Pupil Transportation		10,532,869			235,164				1,949,085		12,717,118
Food Service Program				2,684,718							2,684,718
Employee Benefits		56,709,281		652,051	947,440						58,308,772
Debt Service - Principal		10,546,610									10,546,610
Debt Service - Interest		3,390,394				_					3,390,394
Total Expenditures	_	202,061,744		3,336,769	4,985,716	_		_	5,969,149	-	216,353,378
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures		4,461,245		16,726	(461,236)		92,225	_	(4,346,881)		(237,921)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
BANs Redeemed from Appropriations									2,993,700		2,993,700
Transfers from Other Funds		82,941			478,173				1,350,000		1,911,114
Transfers to Other Funds		(1,828,173)			(16,937)				(66,004)		(1,911,114)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,745,232)	_		461,236				4,277,696		2,993,700
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures and											
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,716,013		16,726			92,225		(69,185)		2,755,779
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		23,469,392	_	508,876			4,117,662	_	8,264,337		36,360,267
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	26,185,405	\$	525,602	\$	\$	4,209,887	\$	8,195,152	\$	39,116,046

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$	2,755,779				
-			, ,				
Capital Outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the							
Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expenses							
in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation is							
exceeded by capital outlays and donated land in the current period.							
Depreciation Expense	(6,566,885)						
Donated Land	193,600						
Capital Outlays _	6,333,175		(40,110)				
Proceeds from the disposal of assets are recorded as revenue in the Governmental							
Funds, while only the loss on the disposal is reported in the Statement of Activities.							
Loss on Disposal of Assets			(56,444)				
Proceeds from an energy performance contract provide current financial resources							
to governmental funds, but the lease obligation increases long-term liabilities in the							
Repayments of bond principal and obligations on an energy performance contract							
are expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities							
in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount of payments on the energy							
performance contract and repayments of bond principal, as well as the amortization of							
bond premiums in the current year.	064.450						
Amortization of Premiums on Bonds	864,452						
Repayment Bond Principal Payments on Energy Performance Contract	6,365,000 1,187,910		8,417,362				
r ayments on Energy renormance Contract	1,167,910		6,417,302				
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current							
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.							
Grant Revenue			1,610,973				
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial							
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.							
Amortized Interest Expense for Deferred Loss on Refunding	(320,509)						
Change in Accrued Interest	22,325						
Change in Compensated Absences	(1,032,988)						
Change in Other Postemployment Benefits _	(37,491,531)		(38,822,703)				
(Increases) decreases in the proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability reported in							
the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.							
•	4 #== 0.1=						
Teachers' Retirement System	1,537,848						
Employees' Retirement System _	(469,522)		1,068,326				
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities		\$	(25,066,817)				

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Priv	Agency		
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$		\$	264,360
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		706,264		
Receivables				365,000
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	706,264	\$	629,360
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments	\$	169	\$	
Agency Liabilities				365,000
Extraclassroom Activity Balances				264,360
		169	\$	629,360
Net Position				
Restricted for Scholarships		706,095		
Total Net Position		706,095		
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Position</b>	<u>\$</u>	706,264		

### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trusts
Additions	
Use of Money and Property	\$ 5,075
Gifts and Contributions	444,819
Total Additions	449,894
<b>Deductions</b> Scholarships and Awards	456,439
Change in Net Position	(6,545)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	712,640
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 706,095</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Arlington Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as they apply to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the School District are described below:

#### Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the School District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity.

#### Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The School District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the School District's business office.

#### Joint Venture

The School District is a component district in the Dutchess Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES' are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES' Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES' Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES' property is held by the BOCES' Board as a corporation [§1950(6)]. In addition, BOCES' Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Basis of Presentation**

#### (a) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation expense for the year, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended and total expenditures, respectively, for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### (b) Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the School District are displayed as major funds. The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund**: This is the School District's primary operating fund used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds:

**Special Aid Fund**: This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**School Lunch Fund**: This fund is used to account for and report transactions of the School District's food service operations.

**Debt Service Fund**: This fund accounts for and reports the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated.

*Capital Projects Fund*: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### (c) Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

**Private Purpose Trust Funds**: These funds are used to account for and report trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the School District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

**Agency Funds**: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, state aid, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is appropriated by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within ninety days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education and become a lien on September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31. Dutchess County subsequently enforces uncollected real property taxes. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the School District no later than the following April 1.

#### Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Interfund Transactions**

The operations of the School District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, except those due from or to the fiduciary funds. Refer to Note 13 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, and interfund transactions activity.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities and districts.

#### Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

The inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the government's assigned value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2002. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Land, construction in progress, and buildings held for sale are not depreciated. The School District uses a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts). Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Estimated	Depreciation
	Useful Life	Method
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 Years	Straight Line
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	5-15 Years	Straight Line

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The School District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. It represents the effect of the net change in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and the difference during the measurement period between the School District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. This also includes the School District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the changes in assumptions on the calculation of the OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. It represents the effect of the net change in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and the difference during the measurement periods between the School District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

In addition to liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet, the School District will also sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. The School District has one item that qualifies for report in this category, which only arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is unavailable revenue for grants. Accordingly, this item is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### Short-Term Debt

The School District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

The School District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may contractually receive a payment of unused accumulated sick leave.

School District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### Other Benefits

Eligible School District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if School District employees are eligible for these benefits. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing postemployment benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. The School District recognizes the costs of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due in more than one year in the Statement of Net Position. In the District-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### Equity classifications

#### (a) District-wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

**Restricted Net Position** – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

*Unrestricted Net Position* – reports the balance of the net position that does not meet the definition of the above classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

#### (b) Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

#### Nonspendable

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category consists of the inventories in the School Lunch Fund and prepaid amounts in the General Fund.

#### Restricted

This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the School District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### • Unemployment Insurance Reserve

The Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Retirement Contribution Reserve

The Retirement Contribution Reserve Fund (GML §6-r) (Chapter 260 of the NYS Laws of 2004) is used to reserve funds for the payment of retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve was established by a Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. A detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, not to exceed a total of 10%. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

#### • Liability Claims Reserve

The Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve [Education Law §1709(8-c)] are used to accumulate funds to pay for liability claims incurred. This reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget, or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Tax Certiorari Reserve

The Tax Certiorari Reserve [Education Law §3651(1-a)] is used to accumulate funds to pay judgments and claims resulting from tax certiorari proceedings. Voter approval is not required provided that the monies held do not exceed the anticipated needs of the School District. If no voter approval is obtained, then any excess monies must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after the deposit of the monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### • Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

The Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Buildings and Improvements Capital Projects Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-c, §6-g, this reserve must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Also, on May 15, 2018, voters authorized a capital reserve with a maximum amount of \$20,000,000 (plus accrued interest and investment earnings thereon) and a maximum term of 20 years. The School District provided an additional \$1.1 million of funding to this reserve during the year ended June 20, 2019 and has provided \$3.1 million in funding in total.

#### Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted to pay debt service. The funds include unused debt proceeds and interest and earnings on the temporary investment of debt proceeds.

#### • Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted by a voter approved proposition for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

#### • Endowment and Scholarships

The School District maintains funds restricted by donors for the benefit of the School and its students. This reserve is accounted for in the Fiduciary Fund.

**Committed** – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Education or (b) the designated official, such as the School District's Purchasing Agent, to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget of the General Fund, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

*Unassigned* – Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

#### (c) Order of Use of Fund Balance

The School District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Future Changes in Accounting Standards

• GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities Effective for the year ended June 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases Effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

### 2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource management focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resource management focus of the governmental funds.

#### Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Compared to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the School District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Compared to Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories:

#### (a) Long-Term Revenue/Expenditure Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### (b) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### (c) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### (d) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the School District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### (e) OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the School District's total OPEB liability and differences between the School District's contributions and OPEB expense.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (f) Employee Benefit Allocation

Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated to a specific function on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Equity based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated to functional areas based on total salary for each function in the Statement of Activities.

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting**

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the School District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the year ended June 30, 2019 the Board of Education approved additional supplemental appropriations totaling \$55,000. These supplemental appropriations are detailed on the schedule of change from original budget to revised budget on page 52.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the School District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for certain borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### General Fund - Statutory Unassigned Fund Balance Limit

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's unassigned fund balance was 3.95% of the 2019-2020 budget.

#### Statutory Debt Limit

At June 30, 2019, the School District was in compliance with the statutory debt limit.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### NYS Real Property Tax Cap

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 established a property tax levy limit (generally referred to as the tax cap) that restricts the amount of property taxes local governments (including school districts) can levy. The School District was in compliance with the tax cap for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. In accordance with the School District's deposit policy, all deposits of the School District in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) are required to be collateralized fully.

As of June 30, 2019, the School District's bank balances of \$35,593,729 were collateralized by FDIC insurance of \$1,000,000 and securities held by an agent of the pledging financial institution in an account in the School District's name of \$35,541,178 and not exposed to custodial credit risk, while \$52,551 was considered uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### **Investment Policy**

The School District follows an investment policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; minimize risk; ensure that investments mature when cash is required to finance operations; and ensure a competitive rate of return in order to supplement other district revenues for the support of the educational program of the school system.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$10,378,060 in the General Fund represents amounts in the following reserves:

Description	 Amount
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	\$ 132,086
Retirement Contribution Reserve – ERS	4,570,343
Retirement Contribution Reserve – TRS	1,000,000
Liability Reserve	53,670
Tax Certiorari Reserve	602,597
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	914,302
Building and Improvements Capital Reserve	 3,105,062
	\$ 10,378,060

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$71,672 in the Capital Projects Fund represents cash from bond anticipation note proceeds held for use on current capital projects.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$4,209,887 in the Debt Service Fund represents reserves for future debt service.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$706,264 in the fiduciary funds represents funds gifted to the School District for scholarships and awards.

#### **Investment Pool**

Arlington Central School District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, as amended, and Article 3-A of the General Municipal Law (Chapter 623 of the Laws of 1998), whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

The School District has \$16,677,414 included as unrestricted cash equivalents. This amount represents the cost of the investment pool share and is considered to approximate market value.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of NYLAF available by writing to NYLAF Administration, 2135 CityGate Lane, 7th Floor, Naperville, IL 60563

#### 5. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year, the School District was billed \$15,355,986 for BOCES' administrative and program costs. The School District's share of BOCES' aid amounted to \$3,998,035.

Financial statements of the BOCES are available from the Dutchess BOCES administrative office located in Poughkeepsie, New York.

#### 6. RECEIVABLES

The amounts due for state and federal aid and from other governments at June 30, 2019, consisted of:

General Fund Due from State and Federal		
New York State – August Excess Cost Aid	\$	1,547,985
č	Ф	
New York State – September Excess Cost Aid	-	779,435
	\$	2,327,420
Due from Other Governments		
BOCES Aid – September Aid	\$	1,799,116
School Lunch Fund		
Due from State and Federal		
Federal – June Claims	\$	89,627
New York State – June Claims		3,468
	\$	93,095
Special Aid Fund		
Due from State and Federal		
Federal Grants	\$	347,516
New York State Aid and Grants		1,239,476
	\$	1,586,992

#### 7. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginnning						Ending
	Balance		Additions		Deletions		 Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$	2,052,309	\$	193,600	\$		\$ 2,245,909
Construction in Progress		15,041,869		4,020,064		13,496,419	5,565,514
Asset Held for Sale		339,817					 339,817
Total		17,433,995		4,213,664		13,496,419	8,151,240
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							 _
Buildings and Improvements		186,347,409		13,615,825			199,963,234
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles		25,319,267	_	2,193,705		2,521,017	24,991,955
Total		211,666,676		15,809,530		2,521,017	 224,955,189
Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings and Improvements		63,224,906		4,523,472			67,748,378
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles		15,033,792		2,043,413		2,464,573	14,612,632
Total		78,258,698		6,566,885		2,464,573	82,361,010
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		133,407,978		9,242,645		56,444	 142,594,179
Net Capital Assets	\$	150,841,973	\$	13,456,309	\$	13,552,863	\$ 150,745,419

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense of \$6,566,885 was allocated based on estimated usage by function as follows:

<u>Function/Program</u>	 Amount
General Support	\$ 839,519
Instruction	5,025,515
Pupil Transportation	579,510
Food Service Program	 122,341
Total Depreciation	\$ 6,566,885

#### 8. SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

The School District had outstanding bond anticipation notes (BANs) as follows:

	Date of		Date of		
	Original	Original	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Payable From/Description	Issue	Amount	Maturity	Rate (%)	Amount
General Fund					
2018 Bus BAN	11/18	\$ 4,208,000	11/19	3.00	\$ 4,208,000

Changes in the School District's short-term notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Beginning			Refinanced /			Ending	
Description		Balance		Issued		Paid		Balance
2014 BAN for Buses	\$	364,700	\$		\$	364,700	\$	
2015 BAN for Buses		626,000				307,000		319,000
2016 BAN for Buses		1,206,500				386,000		820,500
2017 BAN for Buses		987,500				987,500		
2018 BAN for Buses		2,008,500				948,500		1,060,000
2019 BAN for Buses				2,008,500				2,008,500
	\$	5,193,200	\$	2,008,500	\$	2,993,700	\$	4,208,000

Interest expense on the BANs was \$122,848 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

#### 9. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability balances and activity are as follows:

		Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
Description	Balance Issued		Issued	Paid		Balance		One Year		
Bonds Payable				_		_		_		
Serial Bonds	\$	66,810,000	\$		\$	6,365,000	\$	60,445,000	\$	6,645,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums		6,363,902				864,452		5,499,450		864,452
Energy Performance Contract		18,318,091				1,187,910		17,130,181		1,220,966
Other Liabilities										
Other Postemployment Benefits		651,710,694		218,304,485		12,687,371		857,327,808		
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		2,139,355		2,536,927				4,676,282		
Compensated Absences	_	19,546,101	_	1,032,988	_		_	20,579,089		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	764,888,143	\$	221,874,400	\$	21,104,733	\$	965,657,810	\$	8,730,418

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Serial Bonds

The School District borrows funds on a long-term basis for the purpose of financing acquisitions of land and equipment and construction of buildings and improvements. This policy enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities for governmental funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and District-wide statements. Interest associated with long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure when such amounts are due.

Details relating to general obligation (serial) bonds and the energy performance contract of the School District outstanding at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Original	Original	Final	Interest	Outstanding		
Payable From/Description	Issue	 Amount	Maturity	Rate (%)		Amount	
General Fund							
Refunding Serial Bond	05/24/12	\$ 37,365,000	2031	2.0-5.0	\$	28,235,000	
Refunding Serial Bond	11/07/12	\$ 18,615,000	2023	2.0-4.0		4,450,000	
Refunding Serial Bond 2009A	04/02/16	\$ 28,540,000	2021	2.0-5.0		27,760,000	
Energy Performance Contract	08/24/15	\$ 20,598,439	2031	2.6-4.4		17,130,181	
Total					\$	77,575,181	

Principal and interest payments due on the serial bonds are as follows:

#### Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	6,645,000	\$	2,477,738	\$	9,122,738
2021		6,365,000		2,219,337		8,584,337
2022		6,560,000		1,962,338		8,522,338
2023		6,620,000		1,664,387		8,284,387
2024		5,510,000		1,374,400		6,884,400
2025-2029		23,175,000		3,076,858		26,251,858
2030-2031		5,570,000		224,600		5,794,600
	<u>\$</u>	60,445,000	\$	12,999,658	\$	73,444,658

#### Other Debt - Energy Performance Contract

The School District entered into an energy performance contract during the year ended June 30, 2016. The contract is defined in Section 9-102(4) of the New York State Energy Law as: "an agreement for the provision of energy services, including but not limited to electricity, heating, ventilation, cooling, steam, or hot water, in which a person agrees to install, maintain, or manage energy systems or equipment to improve the energy efficiency of, or produce energy in connection with a building or facility in exchange for a portion of the energy savings or revenues." The contract is accounted for as a capital lease. The total net present value of the lease at June 30, 2019, is \$17,130,181.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following is a schedule of future principal and interest payments of the capital lease as of June 30, 2019:

Fiscal	Year	Fnd	linσ
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June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 1,220,966	\$	468,853	\$	1,689,819
2021	1,254,982		434,837		1,689,819
2022	1,289,987		399,832		1,689,819
2023	1,326,011		363,808		1,689,819
2024	1,363,087		326,732		1,689,819
2025-2029	7,410,705		1,038,391		8,449,096
2030-2031	 3,264,443		115,195		3,379,638
	\$ 17,130,181	\$	3,147,648	\$	20,277,829

Interest expense on the district-wide financial statements is calculated as follows:

Interest Paid on Long Term Debt	\$	3,267,546
Interest on BANs		122,848
Amortization of Deferred Loss		320,509
Amortization of Bond Premiums		(864,452)
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year		(232,372)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year		210,047
Total Interest Expense	<u>\$</u>	2,824,126

#### Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2019, \$64,075,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### **Deferred Loss on Refunding**

During 2016, the District issued \$28,540,000 in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$30,140,000 of outstanding 2009 serial bonds. The refunding resulted in a deferred loss of \$3,846,107 due to the reacquisition price exceeding the carrying value of the refunded bond. This amount was classified as a deferred outflow of resources in accordance with GASB 63 and GASB 65. The loss is being amortized using the straight-line method over 12 years, the remaining time to maturity of the respective bond issue. The remaining unamortized balance of this loss at June 30, 2019 is \$2,564,071 and is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the District-wide financial statements.

The amortization charged to interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$320,509.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 10. PENSION PLANS

#### A. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

#### (a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System maintains records and accounts, and prepares financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. The System is included in the state's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### (b) Contributions

The System is noncontributory for employees who joined prior to July 28, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, but prior to April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their annual salary for their entire working career. Employees who joined on or after April 1, 2012 must contribute at a specific percentage of earnings (between 3 and 6%) for their entire career. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. All required contributions for the NYSERS fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, were paid.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	 Amount			
2017	\$ 2,768,583			
2018	\$ 3,004,083			
2019	\$ 2,858,028			

## (c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$4,676,282 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS System in a report provided to the School District.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the School District's proportion was and .0659997 percent and .0662863 percent, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$3,328,425. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Determine of the party of the p		Deferred Inflows	
			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	920,858	\$	313,910
Change of assumptions	1,175,426			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
Pensions plan investments				1,200,192
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		722,589		103,540
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		805,840		
Total	\$	3,624,713	\$	1,617,642

At June 30, 2019, \$805,840 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 1,191,073
2021	\$ (744,687)
2022	\$ 73,133
2023	\$ 681,712

#### (d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following significant actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return
(net of investment expense,
including inflation)

Salary scale
Decrement tables
April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015
System's Experience
Inflation rate
2.50%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2019 are summarized below.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	36%	4.55%
International equity	14%	6.35%
Private equity	10%	7.50%
Real estate	10%	5.55%
Absolute return strategies	2%	3.75%
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	5.86%
Real assets	3%	5.29%
Bonds and mortgages	17%	1.31%
Cash	1%	-0.25%
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.25%
	100%	-

#### (e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### (f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	(	Current	1%
	Decrease	Ι	Discount	Increase
	(6.0%)		(7.0%)	(8.0%)
Proportionate share of				
the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 20,445,450	\$	4,676,282	\$ (8,570,938)

#### (g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to ERS in amount of \$805,840 at June 30, 2019. This amount represents the three months of the School District's fiscal year that will be covered in the ERS 2019-2020 billing cycle and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

#### B. New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

#### (a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multipleemployer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The TRS was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. TRS is administered by the system and governed by a ten-member board to provide these benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the New York State Law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and membership class (6 tiers). The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains basic financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. For additional plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the TRS website located at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

#### (b) Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members who have less than 10 years of service or membership are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

The required employer contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	 Amount			
2017	\$ 8,694,743			
2018	\$ 7,433,181			
2019	\$ 8,259,937			

## (c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported an asset of \$8,420,138 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS System in reports provided to the School District.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the School District's proportion was .465648 percent and .468157 percent, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$6,584,689. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Deferre		erred Inflows	
	0	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,292,301	\$	1,139,781
Changes of assumptions	29,433,906			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
Pensions plan investments	stments 9		9,346,994	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions 484,144		181,718		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,259,937		
Total	\$	44,470,288	\$	10,668,493

At June 30, 2019, \$8,259,937 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	<u>Amount</u>		
2019	\$	8,489,637	
2020	\$	5,779,974	
2021	\$	654,152	
2022	\$	5,760,137	
2023	\$	3,909,075	
Thereafter	\$	948,883	

#### (d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset at June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following significant actuarial assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return	7.25 % compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation.
Salary scale	Rates of increase differ based on service.
	They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.

Service	Rate
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1.90%

Projected COLAs 1.5% compounded annually. Inflation rate 2.25%

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries Scale MP2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity	33.0%	5.8%
International equity	16.0%	7.3%
Global equity	4.0%	6.7%
Real estate	11.0%	4.9%
Private equity	8.0%	8.9%
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0%	1.3%
Global fixed income securities	2.0%	0.9%
Private debt	1.0%	6.8%
Real estate debt	7.0%	2.8%
High-yield fixed income securities	1.0%	3.5%
Short-term	1.0%	0.3%
	100.0%	

<sup>\*</sup> Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% for 2018.

#### (e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 57,847,721	\$ (8,420,138)	\$ (63,934,188)

#### (g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### (h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to TRS in the amount of \$8,259,937, excluding the employees' share, in the General Fund at June 30, 2019. This amount represents contribution for the 2018-2019 fiscal year that will be made in 2019-2020 and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### (a) Plan Description

Arlington Central School District provides postemployment medical benefits to eligible retirees and dependents on a fully insured basis through multiple insurance plans, in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The plans are considered single-employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

#### (b) Benefits Provided

The School District provides medical and prescription drug benefits to its eligible retirees. Dental and life insurance benefits are available with select classes of employees. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the School District's contractual agreements. The Plans can be amended by action of the School District through agreements with the bargaining units. The specifics of each contract are on file at the School District offices and are available upon request.

#### (c) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	lotal
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	894
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	1,435
Total	2,329

#### (d) Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$857,327,808 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (e) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 651,710,694
Changes recognized for the year:	
Service cost	13,359,967
Interest on total OPEB liability	20,006,377
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	184,938,141
Benefit payments	(12,687,371)
Net changes	205,617,114
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 857,327,808

#### (f) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.1 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.1 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	A	ssumption		Increase
	(2.1%)		(3.1%)		<u>(4.1%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,133,586,018	\$	857,327,808	\$	668,771,622

#### (g) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.0 percent decreasing to 4.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0 percent decreasing to 6.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease	A	Assumption	Increase
	<u>(</u>	7.0%-4.0%)	(	8.0%-5.0%)	(9.0%-6%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	639,865,960	\$	857,327,808	\$ 1,168,157,244

Sensitivity analysis for healthcare cost inflation (trend) rate is illustrated as of end of year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### (h) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$50,178,902. June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Def	erred Outflows
	<u>o</u>	<u>f Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		168,125,583
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		
Total	\$	168,125,583

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 16,812,558
2021	\$ 16,812,558
2022	\$ 16,812,558
2023	\$ 16,812,558
2024	\$ 16,812,558
Thereafter	\$ 84,062,793

#### (i) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	8.0 percent for 2020, decreasing 0.5 percent per year
	to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent for 2026 and later years

Salary Changes 3.00%
Discount Rate 3.10%

Retirees contribution rates, as a percentage of premium, vary based on class of employee and coverage tier election.

		Dependent Portion
Class of Employee	Single Rate	of Family Rate *
AAA, ADMIN NU, Cabinet, Superintendent	0%	0%
ADSA, AESA, ATA, ATAA, CSEA, CWA, NONUN, NYSNA	0%	65%
OT/PT	20%	80%

<sup>\*</sup> The dependent portion of the family rate is the difference between the family rate and single rate.

The selected discount rate of 3.1% is based on the prescribed discount interest rate methodology under GASB 75 based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (e.g., Bond Buyer-20 Bond GO, S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Fidelity GA AA 20 Years) as of June 30, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP 2014 Healthy Male and Female Tables, based on the Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables for both pre & post retirement projected with mortality improvements using the most current Society of Actuaries Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

Assumptions used were not based on a formal actuarial experience study performed.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **General Information**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tax certioraris, torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. Except for tax certiorari, these risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years. Sufficient reserves exist to cover any unfavorable settlements of the tax certiorari. The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and employee health and accident insurance.

#### Workers' Compensation Insurance

The School District participates with 12 other school districts in the Dutchess County Schools Worker's Compensation Self-Insured Consortium for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law to finance liability and risks related to Workers Compensation claims. Entities joining the plan must remain members for a minimum of five years; a member may withdraw from the plan after that time by providing 180 days written notice. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the plan's liabilities.

The premiums are computed based on an established rate of covered payroll. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District paid premiums of \$1,379,360 to the plan.

#### 13. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following is a summary of interfund transactions and balances during the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Interfund						
Fund Type	Re	eceivables		Payables	F	Revenues	Ex	penditures
General	\$	1,586,992	\$		\$	82,941	\$	1,828,173
Special Aid				1,586,992		478,173		16,937
Capital Projects						1,350,000		66,004
Total	\$	1,586,992	\$	1,586,992	\$	1,911,114	\$	1,911,114

- The School District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund as a local match for federal and state grants.
- The School District transferred \$350,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to cover the local share of the various ventilator controls and water connection projects. The School District also transferred \$1,000,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to partially fund the local share of the Dutchess BOCES Capital Project.
- Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. These balances are short-term and expected to be repaid within the subsequent year.

#### 14. FUND BALANCE

(a) The following is a summary of the change in General Fund restricted reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning				Ending
Restricted Reserve	 Balance	 Increases		Decreases	 Balance
Unemployment	\$ 131,100	\$ 986	\$		\$ 132,086
Retirement Contribution Reserve ERS	4,536,207	34,136			4,570,343
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS		1,000,000			1,000,000
Liability Claims	53,269	401			53,670
Tax Certiorari Reserve	397,605	204,992			602,597
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	907,473	6,829			914,302
Buildings and Improvements Capital Reserve	 2,001,438	 1,105,062	_	1,438	3,105,062
Total General Fund Restricted	\$ 8,027,092	\$ 2,352,406	\$	1,438	\$ 10,378,060

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(b) The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the governmental fund's Balance Sheet at June 30, 2019:

	 General		School Lunch		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total
Nons pendable									
Prepaid Expenditures	\$ 52,195	\$		\$		\$		\$	52,195
Inventory			89,795						89,795
Total Nonspendable	 52,195		89,795						141,990
Restricted									
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	132,086								132,086
Retirement Contribution Reserve - ERS	4,570,343								4,570,343
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS	1,000,000								1,000,000
Liability Reserve	53,670								53,670
Tax Certiorari Reserve	602,597								602,597
Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	914,302								914,302
Buildings and Improvements Capital Reserve	3,105,062								3,105,062
Debt Service Fund					4,209,887				4,209,887
Capital Projects Fund							13,961,506		13,961,506
Total Restricted	 10,378,060				4,209,887		13,961,506		28,549,453
Assigned									
Unappropriated	1,480,717		435,807						1,916,524
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	 5,743,000								5,743,000
Total Assigned	 7,223,717		435,807						7,659,524
Unassigned (Deficit)	 8,531,433	_		_		_	(5,766,354)	_	2,765,079
Total Fund Balance	\$ 26,185,405	\$	525,602	\$	4,209,887	\$	8,195,152	\$	39,116,046

#### 15. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Potential Grantor Liability

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Litigation

The School District has been named as a defendant in certain other actions. The School District intends to defend itself vigorously in each of these cases. Accordingly, no loss contingency has been accrued.

#### **Construction Commitments**

The School District had various open capital projects during the year ended June 30, 2019, with a total authorization of \$43,752,441.

At June 30, 2019, the School District has expended \$9,506,423 of the authorizations. The School District also had outstanding construction commitments in the amount of \$21,319,621, which are contingent on performance of contractors.

#### 16. FUND DEFICIT – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund has an unassigned deficit of \$5,766,354 at June 30, 2019. This deficit is due to funds expended for bus and vehicle purchases exceeding the amounts of bond anticipation notes redeemed from appropriations to date in the amount of \$4,136,329. In addition, the fund has incurred \$1,630,025 in expenditures under the Smart Schools Bond Act that have not yet been reimbursed. The deficits will be eliminated when the current BANs are paid from appropriations, or refinanced with long term debt, and once the School District is reimbursed for the additional project expenses completed under the Smart Schools Bond Act.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 17. DISTRICT-WIDE NET POSITION DEFICIT

The District-wide Statement of Net Position has a total net position deficit of \$559,476,761 and an unrestricted net position deficit of \$654,124,745 at June 30, 2019. This is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources, primarily due to the accrual of other postemployment benefits of \$857,327,808.

#### 18. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District has listed the former Arthur S. May Elementary School building on Raymond Avenue as available for sale. The School District closed and vacated the building at the conclusion of the 2013-2014 school year for school district purposes. As such, the School District has reclassified this building as an asset held for sale in accordance with GASB (See Note 7).

#### 19. LEASE OBLIGATIONS (OPERATING LEASES):

On July 1, 2015, the School District, as lessee, entered into a five-year lease of a building. The lease expires on June 30, 2020. Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$70,232. The School District has the option to renew the lease for an additional five year term. Future minimum annual rentals for each of the remaining years of the lease are:

Fiscal Year Minimum
Ended June 30: Payment
2020 \$72,339

The District, as lessor, leases certain facilities under the terms of single year non-cancelable lease to Dutchess BOCES. Rental income for the year was \$96,615.

In addition, the School District, as lessor, leases classroom space to Dutchess Community College each semester. Rental income for the year was \$577,766.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### **BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual				inal Budget ariance With Actual
Revenues										
Local Sources										
Real Property Taxes	\$	126,365,059	\$	126,365,059	\$	126,256,693			\$	(108,366)
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items		13,251,202		13,251,202		13,250,750				(452)
Charges for Services		1,953,000		1,953,000		1,974,614				21,614
Use of Money and Property		688,500		688,500		1,466,828				778,328
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		20,000		75,000		69,962				(5,038)
Miscellaneous		744,074		744,074		1,028,122				284,048
State Aid		61,084,165		61,084,165		62,286,165				1,202,000
Federal Aid		45,000		45,000		189,855				144,855
Total Revenues		204,151,000		204,206,000		206,522,989				2,316,989
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers from Other Funds						82,941				82,941
Appropriated Fund Balance		7,219,362		7,219,362						(7,219,362)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	<u>\$</u>	211,370,362	\$	211,425,362	_	206,605,930			\$	(4,819,432)
									F	inal Budget
		Original		Final				Year-End		ariance With
		Budget		Budget		Actual	1	Encumbrances	•	Actual
Expenditures	_		-		_		_		-	
General Support										
Board of Education	\$	83,443	\$	83,443		55,742	\$	9,286	\$	18,415
Central Administration	-	389,147	-	408,048		362,422	-	5,306	•	40,320
Finance		1,514,309		1,652,004		1,543,387		19,510		89,107
Staff		946,216		1,102,316		969,954		49,151		83,211
Central Services		11,628,836		11,458,533		9,719,844		301,823		1,436,866
Special Items		2,474,129		2,499,572		2,123,014		41,728		334,830
Total General Support		17,036,080		17,203,916		14,774,363		426,804		2,002,749
Instruction										
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement		7,057,676		7,266,526		6,880,302		43,166		343,058
Teaching - Regular School		59,791,593		59,173,683		58,070,272		129,199		974,212
Programs for Children With Special Needs		26,728,275		27,383,994		26,466,975		532,857		384,162
Occupational Education		1,251,000		1,184,000		1,176,000				8,000
Teaching - Special School		657,404		658,059		428,300		2,924		226,835
Instructional Media		4,807,745		4,954,713		4,777,225		22,749		154,739
Pupil Services		8,707,288		8,808,035		8,309,153	_	47,083		451,799
Total Instruction	_	109,000,981	_	109,429,010	_	106,108,227	_	777,978	_	2,542,805
Pupil Transportation		10,865,851		10,973,851		10,532,869		205,495		235,487
Employee Benefits		59,896,446		58,061,579		56,709,281		70,440		1,281,858
Debt Service - Principal		10,546,610		10,546,610		10,546,610				
Debt Service - Interest		3,384,394		3,390,396	_	3,390,394	_	1 400 717		2
Total Expenditures		210,730,362		209,605,362		202,061,744		1,480,717		6,062,901
Other Financing Uses		c		1.000.000		1.050.15				/O 4 ===
Transfers to Other Funds	<u></u>	640,000	rh.	1,820,000		1,828,173	Φ.	1 400 717	Φ.	(8,173)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>\$</u>	211,370,362	<u>\$</u>	211,425,362	-	203,889,917	<u>\$</u>	1,480,717	<u>\$</u>	6,054,728
Net Change in Fund Balance						2,716,013				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					_	23,469,392				
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$	26,185,405				

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

## ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	2019*	 2018*
Service cost	\$	13,359,967	\$ 18,718,024
Interest		20,006,377	22,800,895
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		184,938,141	
Expected benefit payments	_	(12,687,371)	 (12,097,261)
Net change in total OPEB liability		205,617,114	29,421,658
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	651,710,694	 622,289,036
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$</u>	857,327,808	\$ 651,710,694
Covered employee payroll	\$	95,541,663	\$ 87,958,107
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		897.33%	740.93%

<sup>\* 10</sup> years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of benefit terms: Not Applicable.

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate changed from 3.7% to 3.1%. In addition, the mortality improvement assumption was changed to a more current scale (e.g., improvement scale MP-2018 from improvement scale AA).

Plan Assets: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					ER	S Po	ension Plan						
	 2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,858,028	\$	3,004,083	\$	2,768,583	\$	3,264,802	\$ 3,690,751	\$ 3,688,809	\$ 3,870,949	\$ 2,981,142	\$ 2,013,954	\$ 1,354,052
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 2,858,028	_	3,004,083	_	2,768,583	_	3,264,802	3,690,751	3,688,809	3,870,949	2,981,142	2,013,954	1,354,052
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
School District's Covered-ERS Employee Payroll	\$ 19,941,691	\$	20,173,068	\$	18,452,035	\$	18,750,124	\$ 19,161,719	\$ 19,111,550	\$ 20,011,546	\$ 18,777,316	\$ 18,551,290	\$ 19,097,401
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.33%		14.89%		15.00%		17.41%	19.26%	19.30%	19.34%	15.88%	10.86%	7.09%
					TR	S Po	ension Plan						
	2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 8,259,937	\$	7,433,181	\$	8,694,743	\$	9,506,198	\$ 12,317,992	\$ 11,452,537	\$ 8,374,046	\$ 7,320,806	\$ 5,731,774	\$ 4,192,683
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 8,259,937		7,433,181		8,694,743		9,506,198	12,317,992	11,452,537	8,374,046	7,320,806	5,731,774	4,192,683
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
School District's Covered-TRS Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$ 77,777,185	\$	75,848,786	\$	74,187,227	\$	71,690,784	\$ 70,268,066	\$ 70,477,152	\$ 70,726,740	\$ 65,893,842	\$ 66,493,902	\$ 67,733,174

13.26%

17.53%

16.25%

11.84%

11.11%

8.62%

6.19%

11.72%

Covered-Employee Payroll

10.62%

9.80%

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET / LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **ERS Pension Plan**

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset or liability	0.0659997%	0.0662863%	0.0634701%	0.0680750%	0.0710705%	0.0710705%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (4,676,282) \$	(2,139,355) \$	(5,963,788) \$	(10,926,228) \$	(2,400,936) \$	(3,211,577)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,941,691 \$	20,173,068 \$	18,452,035 \$	18,750,124 \$	19,161,719 \$	19,111,550
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset or liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.45%	10.61%	32.32%	58.27%	12.53%	16.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset or liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%	97.20%

#### TRS Pension Plan

	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's Proportion of the net pension asset or liability	0.465648%	0.468157%	0.464589%	0.467788%	0.477114%	0.482848%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 8,420,138 \$	3,558,458	(4,975,944) \$	48,588,238 \$	53,147,514 \$	3,178,363
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 75,848,786 \$	74,187,227	71,690,784 \$	70,268,066 \$	70,477,152 \$	70,726,740
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset or liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.10%	04.80%	06.94%	69.15%	75.41%	04.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset or liability	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

Information is presented only for the years available.

# ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget	
Adopted Budget	\$ 209,894,000
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances	1,476,362
Original Budget	211,370,362
Add: Bus Replacement	55,000
Final Budget	<u>\$ 211,425,362</u>
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation	
2019-20 voter-approved expenditure budget	\$ 216,161,000
Maximum allowed (4% of 2019-20 budget)	\$ 8,646,440
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:	
Unrestricted fund balance:	
Assigned fund balance 7,223,717	
Unassigned fund balance 8,531,433	
Total unrestricted fund balance	
Less:	
Appropriated fund balance 5,743,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance 1,480,717	
Total adjustments 7,223,717	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	<u>\$ 8,531,433</u>
Actual Percentage	3.95%

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Expenditures				Methods of	of Financing		Fund
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Proceeds of		Local		Balance (Deficit)
	Authorization	Authorization	Years	Year	Total	Balance	Obligations	State Aid	Sources	Total	June 30, 2019
PROJECT TITLE											
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2014	\$ 1,823,500	\$ 1,823,500 \$	1,757,441	\$	\$ 1,757,441	\$ 66,059	\$	\$	\$ 1,757,441 \$	1,757,441	\$
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2015	1,617,000	1,617,000	1,617,000		1,617,000				1,298,000	1,298,000	(319,000)
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2016	2,008,500	2,008,500	2,008,500		2,008,500				1,188,000	1,188,000	(820,500)
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2017	2,008,500	2,008,500	2,008,500		2,008,500				2,008,500	2,008,500	
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2018	2,008,500	2,008,500	1,996,244		1,996,244	12,256			948,500	948,500	(1,047,744)
Bus and Vehicle Purchases 2019	2,008,500	2,008,500		1,949,085	1,949,085	59,415					(1,949,085)
Water Project - Beekman Elementary	76,800	862,675	712,166	(118,930)	593,236	269,439			862,676	862,676	269,440
Health and Safety Proposition	3,605,976	3,605,976	2,694,653	206,334	2,900,987	704,989			3,605,975	3,605,975	704,988
Water Improvement Project	150,000	150,000	5,180	(5,180)		150,000			84,000	84,000	84,000
Energy Performance Contract	21,180,000	21,180,000	20,935,199		20,935,199	244,801	20,598,439		336,760	20,935,199	
Flooring Project	210,000	216,000	207,670		207,670	8,330			216,000	216,000	8,330
Water Improvement Projects & Other	50,000	2,680,750	426,326	152,640	578,966	2,101,784			2,680,750	2,680,750	2,101,784
Smart Schools Bond Act	5,200,000	5,200,000	331,287	3,233,241	3,564,528	1,635,472		1,934,503		1,934,503	(1,630,025)
Transportation and Maintenance Projects	18,495,000	18,495,000	963,563	101,780	1,065,343	17,429,657			8,500,000	8,500,000	7,434,657
High School Athletic Complex Project	3,275,000	3,275,000		201,942	201,942	3,073,058			1,518,000	1,518,000	1,316,058
Roofing Projects & Other	1,086,000	1,086,000	145,514	215,707	361,221	724,779			1,086,000	1,086,000	724,779
Ventilator Controls and Water Connection	350,000	350,000		32,530	32,530	317,470			350,000	350,000	317,470
Dutchess BOCES Capital Project - Local Share	7,831,040	7,831,040				7,831,040			1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Totals	\$ 72,984,31 <u>6</u>	\$ 76,406,941 \$	35,809,243	\$ 5,969,149	\$ 41,778,392	\$ 34,628,549	\$ 20,598,439	\$ 1,934,503	\$ 27,440,602 \$	49,973,544	\$ 8,195,152

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS June 30, 2019

Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 150,745,419</u>
Add: Unamortized Loss on Defeasance of Bonds	2,564,071
Deduct:	
Bond Anticipation Notes	4,208,000
Less: Unspent Bond Anticipation Note Proceeds	(71,672)
Bonds Payable	60,445,000
Energy Performance Contract	17,130,181
Unamortized Bond Premiums	5,499,450
	87,210,959
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 66,098,531



200 E. Garden St., P.O.Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Arlington Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Arlington Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Arlington Central School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Arlington Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Arlington Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Arlington Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Arlington Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes.

October 9, 2019

Rome, New York



200 E. Garden St., P.O.Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

## <u>Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program</u> and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Education Arlington Central School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Arlington Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB <u>Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of Arlington Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Arlington Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Arlington Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Arlington Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Arlington Central School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Arlington Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Arlington Central School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Arlington Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Arlington Central School District's internal control over compliance.



A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 9, 2019

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

Rome, New York

#### ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass- through Number	Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through New York State Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Cash Assistance			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 140,927
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	847,259
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			988,186
Total Department of Agriculture			988,186
United States Department of Education			
Passed Through New York State Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021180675	81,983
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021190675	742,814
Total			824,797
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032180184	4,338
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032190184	2,081,190
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033190184	72,806
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,158,334
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293180675	449
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293190675	25,740
Total			26,189
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147180675	109,348
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147190675	141,002
Total			250,350
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	0204190675	24,915
Total Department of Education			3,284,585
United States Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through New York State Division of Homeland Security			
and Emergency Services:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	UE6IY01	5,361
Total Department of Homeland Security			5,361
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$ 4,278,132

## ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Arlington Central School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

#### Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### Use of Subrecipients

There were no awards passed through to subrecipients.

#### De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Summary of Auditor's Results

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	U.S. Department of Education Special Education Cluster (IDEA) CFDA #84.027 CFDA #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

(Continued)



# ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

None noted.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None noted.



# ARLINGTON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings –	Financial	Statement	Audit
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None noted.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None noted.